## ASTUDY OF MENTAL HEALTH AND ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT IN ENGLISH OF HIGHER SECONDARY STUDENTS

## ABSTRACT

One does not possess the skills needed to make effective adjustments in life at the time of birth. Children and adolescents need all care and love and to be directed properly to grow along right lines. For which, they should be mentally healthy person. The concept of mental health and academic achievement are closely related. It is in this context the present study attempts to find out the relationship between mental health and achievement in English among higher secondary students. Positive correlation is found to exist between the mental health and academic achievement in English among the higher secondary students. The recommendations for implementation, therefore, are also given.

## INTRODUCTION

One does not possess the skills needed to make effective adjustments in life at the time of birth. Children and adolescents need all care and love and to be directed properly to grow along right lines. For which, they should be mentally healthy person. The concept of mental health and academic achievement are closely related. It is in this context the present study attempts to find out the relationship between mental health and achievement in English among higher secondary students.

## RATIONALE FOR THE STUDY

"Mental health is the ability to adjust satisfactorily to the various strains of the environment we meet in life". (Norma E.Cutts and Nicholas Mosely). A mentally healthy person a) is supposed to have a positive attitude towards life and people b) is highly adjustable never complains and remains contented c) knows hid/her strengths and weaknesses and d) emotionally stable, happy, reasonable and tolerant. These traits enable an individual to achieve better in his/her curricular as well as cocurricular activities. Mental health and achievements are the two facts which are closely associated for the process of development. Educated persons may have good mental health when compared to uneducated persons.

It has been said and proved by research that poor achievement in English is the result of the following factors.

1) Irritability,
2) Depressed and pessimistic outlook,
3) Bad temper,
4) Undue anxiety,
5) Lack of courage,
6) Inferiority,
7) Impatience,
8) Prejudice, etc.

Almost all the above qualities are said to be the qualities of mentally ill person. Therefore the investigator feels that it is the need of the hour to find out the relationship between mental health and academic achievement of students in English. Hence, the present study is undertaken.

## STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

The present study is stated as "A Study of Mental Health and Achievement of Higher Secondary Students in English". Mental Health, in this study, refers to the ability to adjust the environment. Academic achievement means the performance in a given skill or body of knowledge.

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## FINDINGS

## OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY:

1) To find out the mental health of higher secondary students.
2) To find out the significant difference if any, in the mental health of higher secondary students with the variable a) Gender b) Language of Instruction c) Locality d) Religion and e) Family income.
3) To find out the academic achievement in English of higher secondary students.
4) To find out the significant difference if any in the academic achievement in English of Hr . Sec. Students w.r.t. the variables a) Gender b) Language of Instruction c) Locality d) Religion and e) Family income.
5) To find out the correlation between mental health and academic Achievement in English of higher secondary students.

## METHODOLOGY

## a) Methodology in Brief

The investigator has chosen the survey method for studying the problems of this study. 250 students studying XI standard are taken as the sample. Their mental health and academic achievement in English are found out. The data, thus, collected were analyzed statistically and interpretations are given

## b) Sample

The higher secondary students form the population for this study. From among them 250 students studying XI standard were taken as the sample. Multi- stage random sampling technique has been adopted.
c) Tools used
i) "Achievement test in English" developed and standardized by the investigator .
ii) "Mental Health Inventory " developed by Jegadeesh Srivatsa
d) Statistical Technique Applied
a) ' $t$ ' - test , b) ' $F$ '- test c) Correlation and d) Percentage Analysis.

1) From table 1 it has been found that $12.80 \%$ of the students have low menta $68.80 \%$ of the students have medium mental hea

TABLE 1
MENTAL HEALTH OF HIGHER SECOND STUDENTS

| Category | Number | Low |  | Medium |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ | No |
| Total <br> Sample | 250 | 32 | 12.8 | 172 | 68.8 | 46 | and $18.40 \%$ of the students are having high level of health.

2) From the table 2., it is inferred that there significant difference in the mental health of the st of higher secondary class w.r.t variables 'Gend the students, Locality of the institutions and family in English medium students are having better mental than Tamil medium students.

## TABLE 2

SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE IN THE MENTAL HEALTH OF HIGHER SECONDA STUDENTS W.R.T. DIFFERENT VARIABL

| $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { S.N } \\ 0 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Variab le | Category | N | M | SD | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CR} \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Table Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Gend er | Boys | 116 | 58.662 | 19.605 | 1.006 | 196 |
|  |  | Girls | 134 | 56.16 | 19.706 |  |  |
| 2 | Langua <br> ge of <br> Instruct <br> ion | Tamil | 134 | 54.89 | 17.388 | 2.081 | 190 |
|  |  | English | 116 | 60.12 | 21.734 |  |  |
| 3 | Loca | Rural | 127 | 55.59 | 19.416 | 1.409 | $196$ |
|  |  | Urban | 123 | 59.09 | 19.83 |  |  |
| 4 | Fami ly Inco me | per Year. | 186 | 58.08 | 19.609 | 1.036 | 1.96 |
|  |  | Rs2 Lakh and above | 64 | 55.11 | 19.793 |  |  |

TABLE 3
DIFFERENCE IN THE MENTAL HEALTH OF THE HIGHER SECONDARY STUDENTS BELONGING TO DIFFERENT RELIGIONS

| Sources <br> of <br> Valuation | Sum of <br> the <br> square | Degrees <br> of <br> Freedom | Mean <br> Square | F. <br> Value | Table <br> Value | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Between <br> sample | 2679.8 | 2 | 1339.83 | 3.5084 | 3.04 | Signifi <br> cant at <br> $5 \%$ <br> level |
| Within <br> Sample | 94331 | 247 | 381.907 |  |  |  |

3) It is inferred from table 3 that there is significant difference in the mental health of higher secondary students of different religions.
4) From the table 4 it has been found that $17.60 \%$ of the students have low achievement, $70.40 \%$ of the students have medium achievement and $12.00 \%$ of the students have high achievement in English.

TABLE 4
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT OF HR. SEC. STUDENTS IN ENGLISH

| Category | Number | Low |  | Medium |  | High |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ | No | $\%$ |
| Total <br> Sample | 250 | 44 | 17.6 | 176 | 70.4 | 30 | 12 |

5) From the table 5, it is inferred that there is no significant difference in the academic achievement of Hr.Sec.students w.r.t variables Gender of the students, language of instruction, locality of the institutions and family income.

## TABLE 5

DIFFERENCE IN THE ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

## IN ENGLISH W.R.T. DIFFERENT VARIABLES

| $\begin{gathered} \text { S. } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | Variable | Category | N | M | SD | $\begin{gathered} \text { CR } \\ \text { Value } \end{gathered}$ | Table Value | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Gender | Boys | 116 | 49.31 | 15.728 | 0.063 | 1.96 | NS |
|  |  | Girls | 134 | 49.44 | 17.133 |  |  |  |
| 2 | Language of Instructio n | Tamil | 134 | 48.28 | 15.848 | 1.126 | 1.96 | NS |
|  |  | English | 116 | 50.65 | 17.127 |  |  |  |
| 3 | Locality | Rural | 127 | 49.92 | 17.535 | 0.529 | 1.96 | NS |
|  |  | Urban | 123 | 48.82 | 15.329 |  |  |  |
| 4 | Family Income | Up to 2lakh per Year. | 186 | 49.54 | 16.286 | 0.26 | 1.96 | NS |
|  |  | Rs. 2 Lakh and above | 64 | 48.91 | 17.081 |  |  |  |

TABLE 6
DIFFERENCE IN THE ACADEMIC
ACHIEVEMENT IN ENGLISH OF HR.SEC.STUDENTS

| Sources of <br> Variation | Sum of <br> the <br> square | Degrees of <br> Freedom | Mean <br> Square | F.Value | Table | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Remark

6) From table 6 it is inferred that there is no significantdifference in the academic achievement in English of the hr.sec.students belonging to different religions.
7) It is inferred from the table 7 that there is significant relationship between the academic achievement of higher secondary students in English and their mental health.

## TABLE 7

## CORRELATION BETWEEN

THE ACHIEVEMENT OF HIGHER SECONDARY STUDENTS IN ENGLISH AND THEIR MENTAL HEALTH

| Category | Number | ' $r$ ' Value <br> Calculated | ' $r$ ' Value <br> table value | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total <br> sample | 250 | 0.343 | 0.174 | S |

## RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Since positive correlation is found between the academic achievement of the student and thier mental health, it is recommended that the mental health of the students should be improved so that their academic achievement in English could be better.
2. Necessary steps are to be taken to improve the mental health of the Tamil medium students and the other students whose mental health is found to be low in religionwise.
3. The government should train the teachers in the task of developing mental health of the students.
4. Mental health of the students should be checked periodically and students with low level mental health should be given extra care.
5. Necessary facilities should be provided to the schools in evaluating and improving the mental health of the students.
6. The English teachers should be trained in finding out the psychological problems of students in learning English and in the modalities to overcome them.

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Continuation of $p 0$

## PROBLEM SOLVING ABILITY

3. The socio economic factors namely comm parental educational qualification and pat occupation have influence on problem solving in Mathematics.

## SUGGESTIONS

1. Recreational activities in mathematics like s puzzles, riddles and number games may beorge to improve their problem solving ability.
2. Extra coaching may be given to the students parents are economically and educatio backward and to students residing in the rural
3. Workbook in mathematics may be introduced primary school children to improve their pr solving ability right from their early ages.
4. Students may be encouraged in solving nonand non-routine problems and they may be in various problem solving strategies.

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